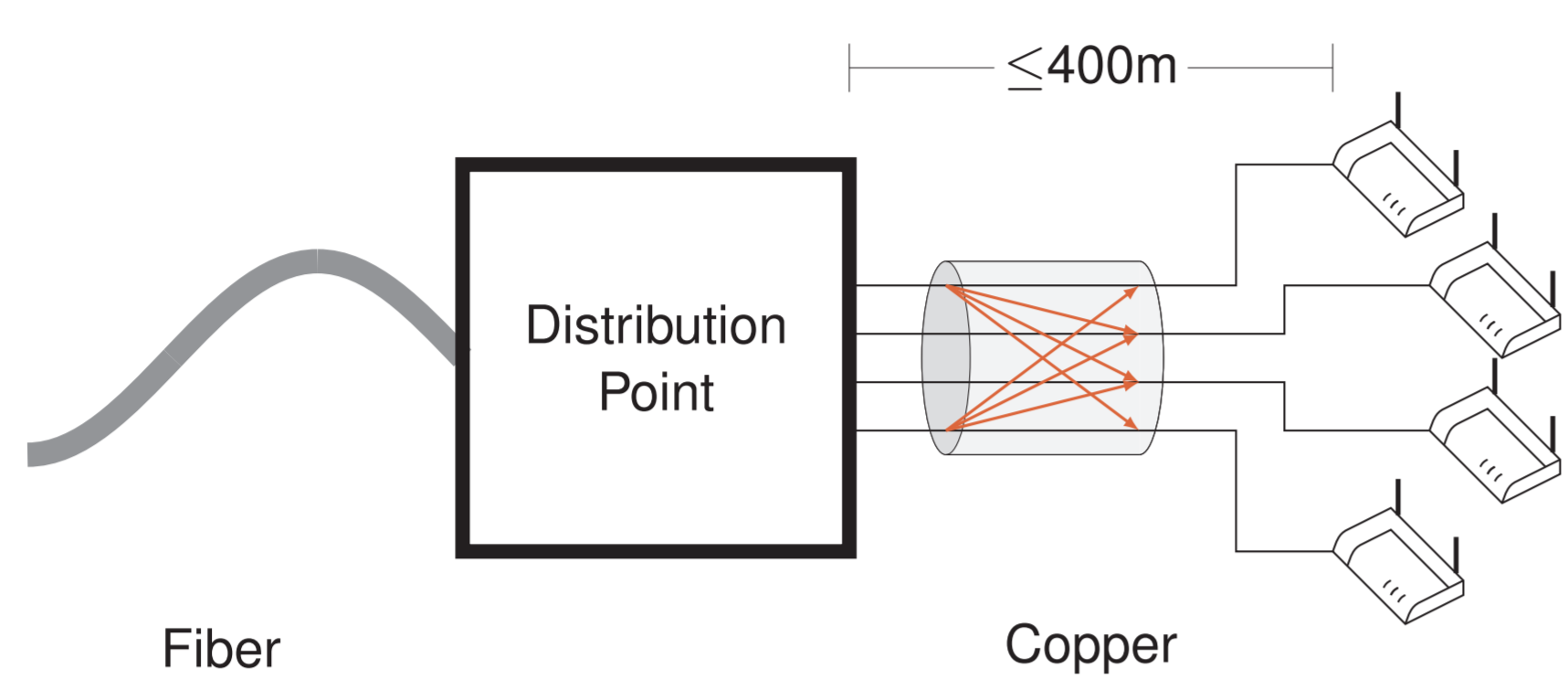


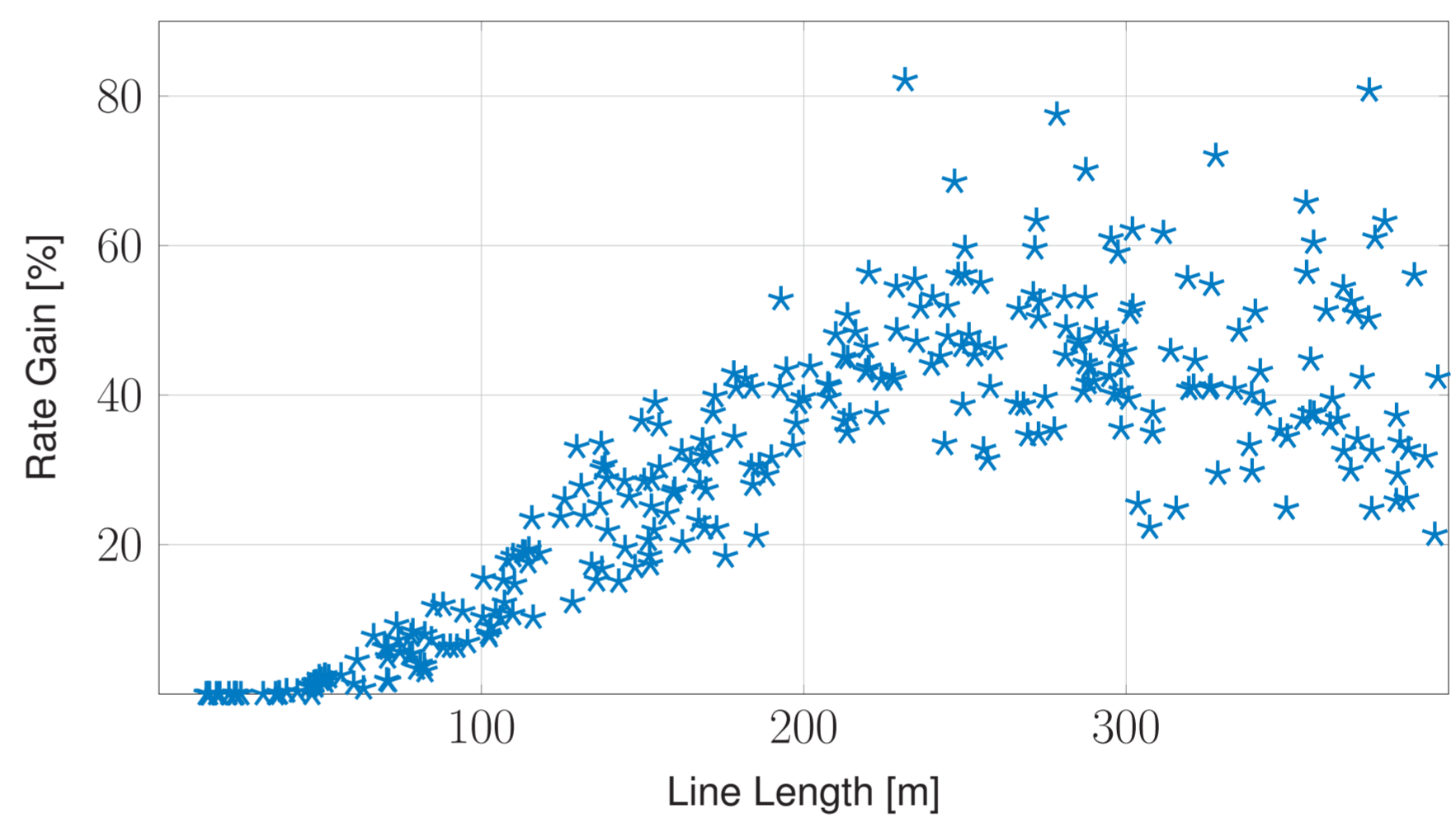
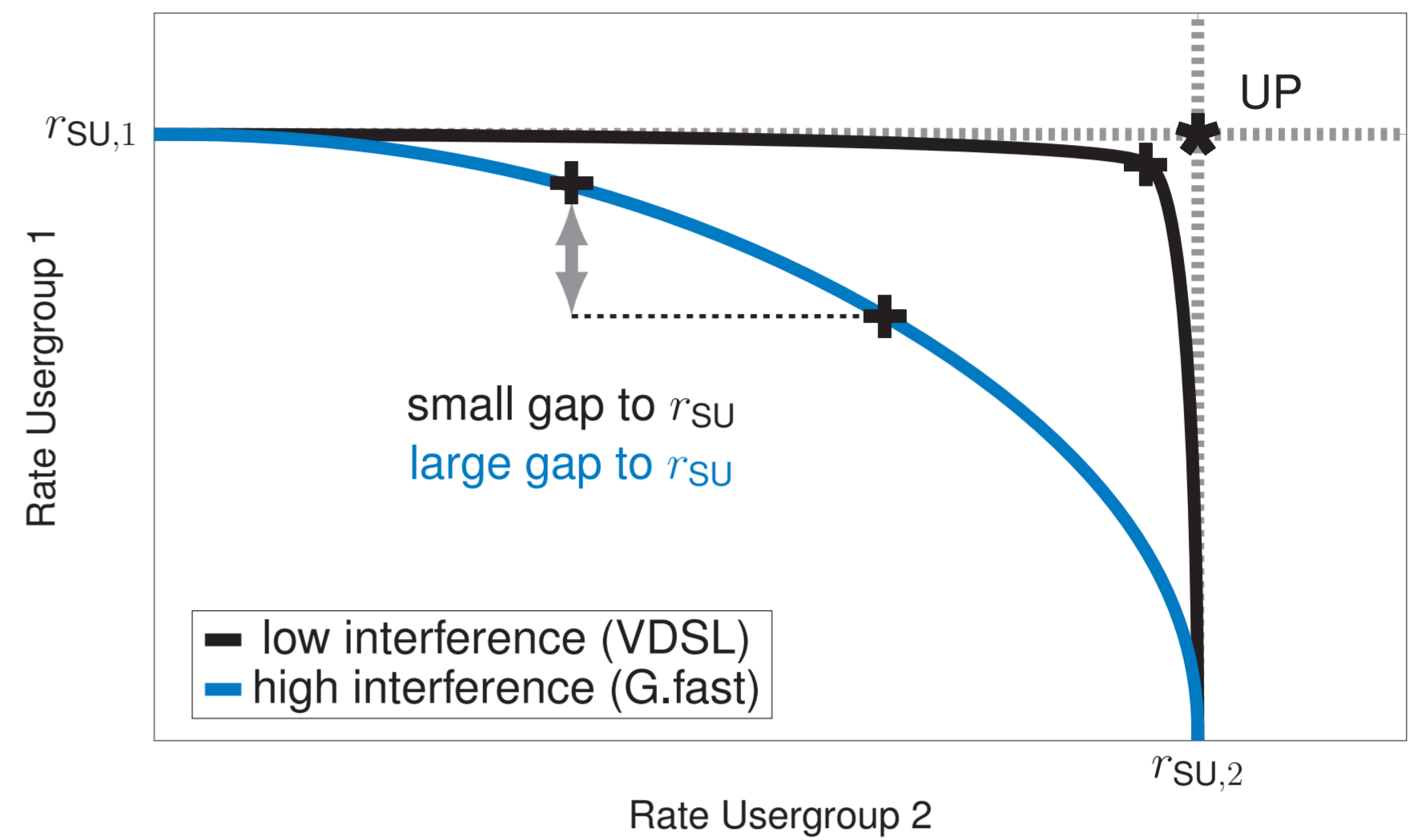
Precoding for Enhanced User Experience in G.fast DSL¹



Frequencies up to 212 MHz \Rightarrow Interference increases significantly

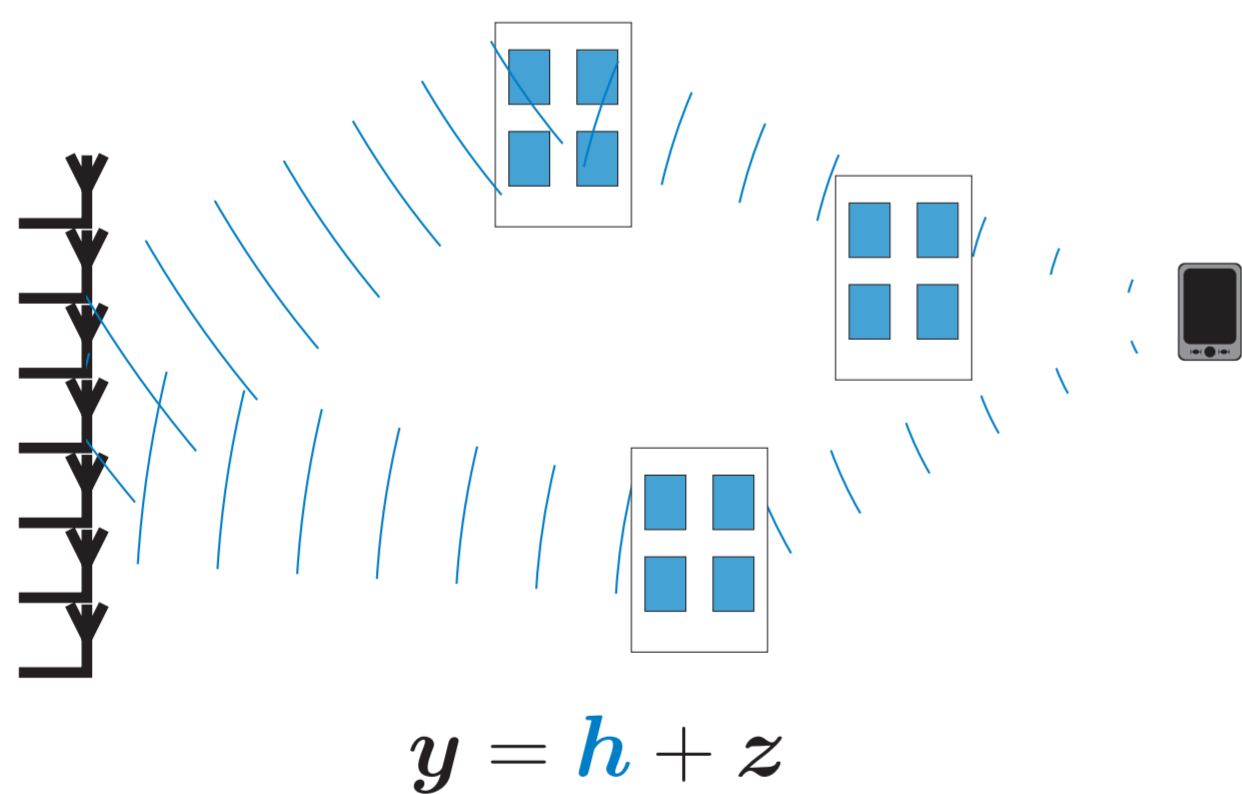
$$\begin{aligned} & \max_{\mathbf{T}} f(\mathbf{T}) \\ \text{s.t: } & \text{diag}(\mathbf{T}^{(n)}\mathbf{T}^{(n),H}) \leq \mathbf{p}_{\text{mask}}^{(n)} \quad \forall n \\ & \sum_{n=1}^N \text{diag}(\mathbf{T}^{(n)}\mathbf{T}^{(n),H}) \leq \mathbf{p}_{\text{sum}} \\ & \mathbf{r}^{(n)} \leq \mathbf{p}_{\text{bmax}}^{(n)} \quad \forall n \end{aligned}$$

NEW: Objective should be chosen according to the user demands!



¹ In cooperation with Intel Connected Home Division

CSI Acquisition based on Machine Learning - Leveraging Massiveness in 5G Systems²



$$\widehat{\mathbf{W}}(\mathbf{y}) = \frac{\mathbb{E}_{\delta} \left[\exp \left(\frac{T}{\sigma^2} \mathbf{y}^H \mathbf{W}_{\delta} \mathbf{y} + T \log |\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{W}_{\delta}| \right) \mathbf{W}_{\delta} \right]}{\mathbb{E}_{\delta} \left[\exp \left(\frac{T}{\sigma^2} \mathbf{y}^H \mathbf{W}_{\delta} \mathbf{y} + T \log |\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{W}_{\delta}| \right) \right]}$$

The function that extracts the spatial structure is complex and depends on the physical channel model (distribution of hyperparameters δ)

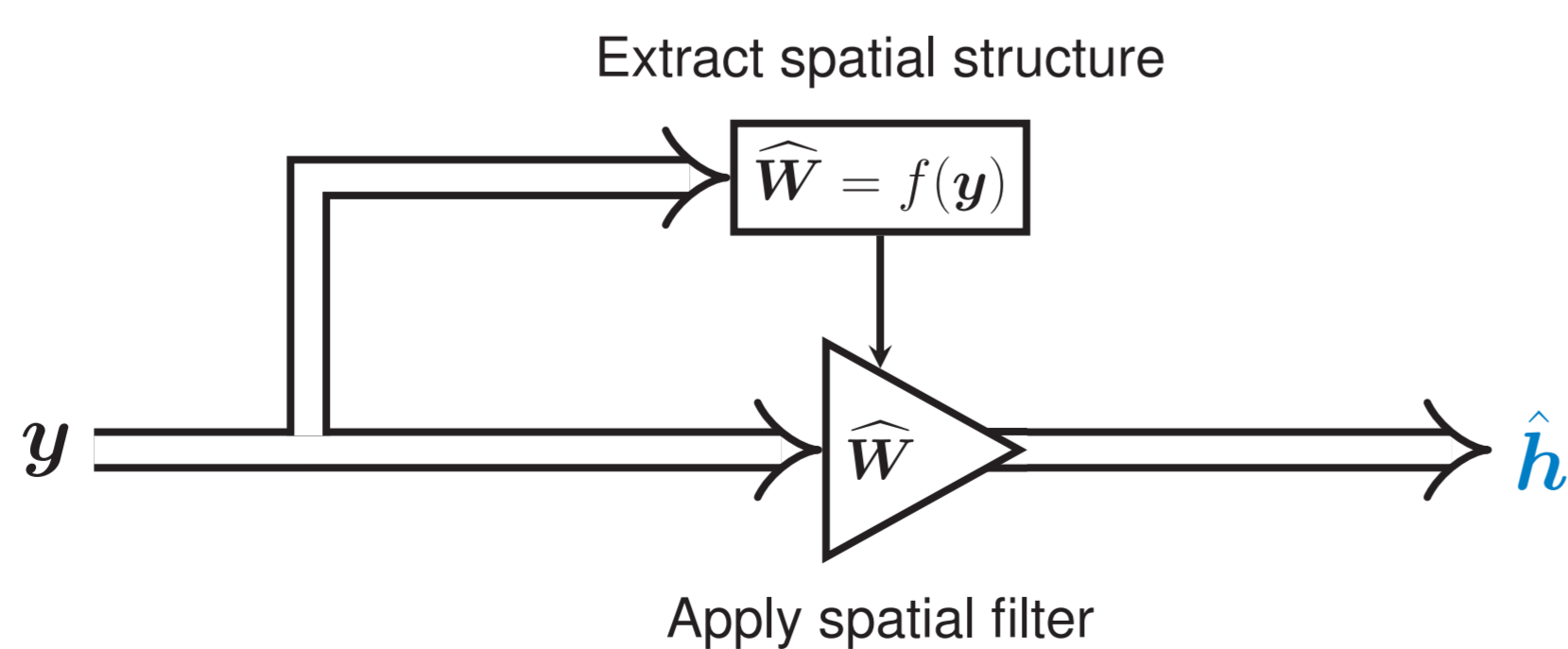
To get an accurate $O(M \log M)$ approximation of $\widehat{\mathbf{W}}$ we

- exploit properties of the array geometry
- apply machine learning in the form of neural networks

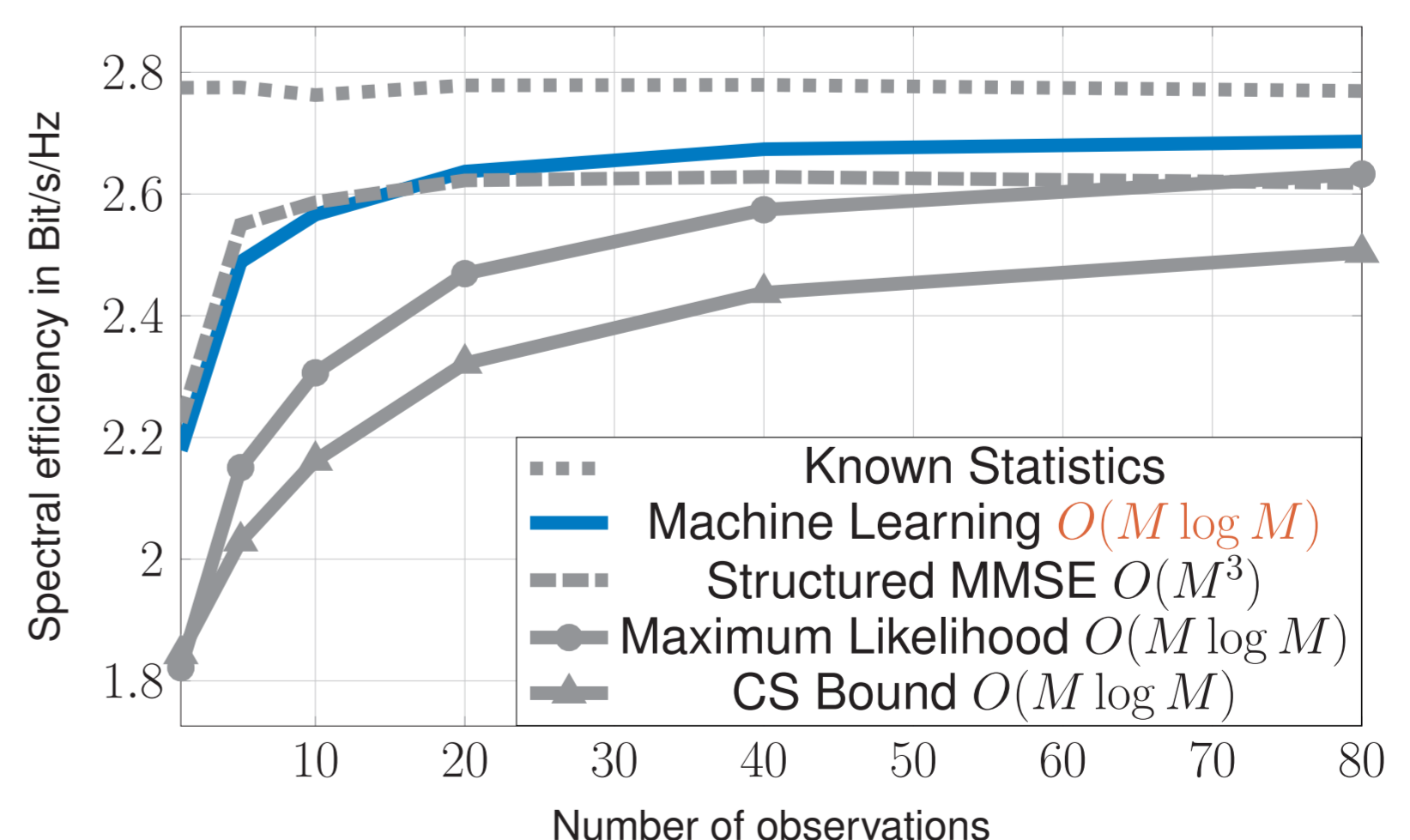
We want to exploit structure of the channel to reduce the noise in the observation \mathbf{y} .

Problem: The channel structure is unknown!

Optimal Estimator for unknown structure



Results for the 3GPP spatial channel model



² Funded by the DFG